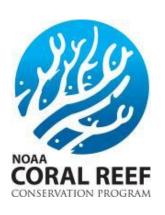




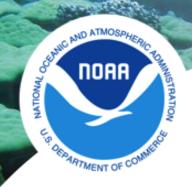
Pacific Islands
Fisheries
Science Center



NOAA Coral Reef Ecosystem Division: Integrated Research Overview

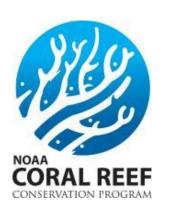
Prepared for the Rose Atoll National Marine Monument and American Samoa Ecosystem and Fisheries Research Workshop

Bernardo Vargas-Ángel



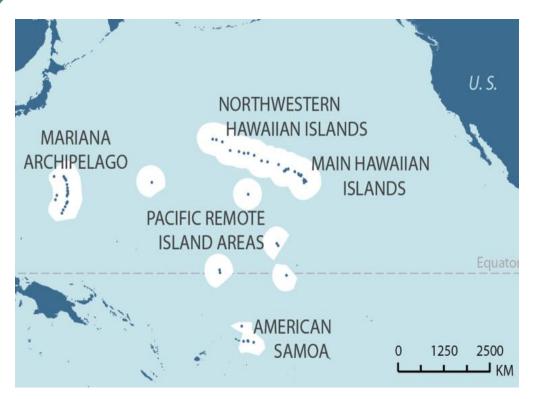
Coral Reef Ecosystem Division





Mission: To provide sound science to support informed decision making for effective ecosystem-based management and conservation of coral reef ecosystems and fisheries in the Pacific Islands Region & Internationally

CRED: Area of operations and research activities

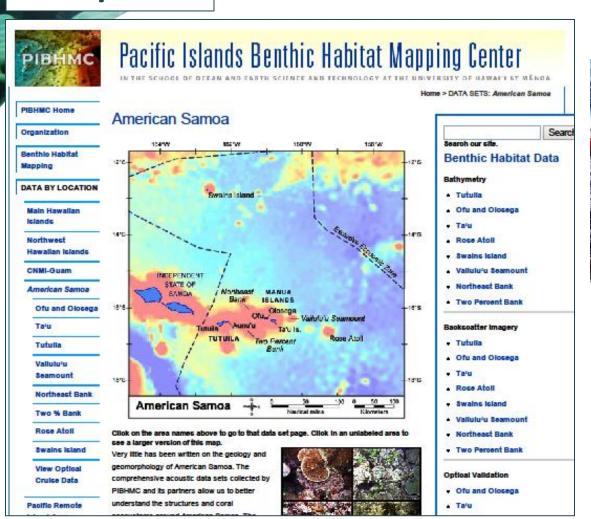


- Eco-spatial Information: Benthic Habitat mapping
- Long-term monitoring:
 Abundance, distribution, diversity,
 and condition of fish, corals,
 inverts, and microbes
- Ocean and climate change:
 Thermal structure and acidification
- Management effectiveness:
 Integrated ecosystem assessment
 and management advice
- Technical assistance and capacity building: Locally and the Asia-Pacific region



Data portal

Ecospatial Information



Mapping technology



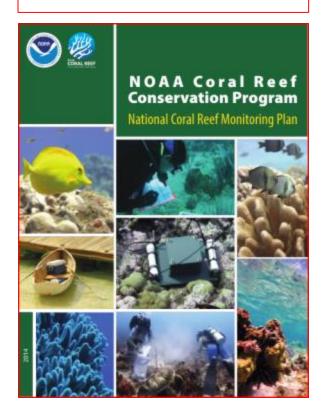






Long-term Monitoring: National Coral Reef Monitoring Plan

NCRMP



Tier 1 - Critical Percent cover of benthic organisms/substrate Coral Coral Coral condition (e.g., bleaching, disease) Abundance and size structure Rugosity Benthic diversity Key species Abundance and size structure Diversity Key species

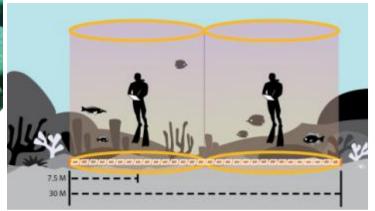
Climate	Temperature/thermal stress
	Vertical thermal structure
	Carbonate chemistry
People	 Participation in coral reef activities
	 Knowledge, attitudes, and perceptions of coral
	reefs and management strategies
	 Population changes and distribution
	 Economic dependence on coral reefs



1st CRED American Samoa RAMP cruise (ASRAMP): Habitat mapping / fish 2002 surveys, semi-quantiative coral surveys 2nd ASRAMP cruise: Added discrete 2004 water-quality sampling; corals and algae demographics **CRED Long-Term** 3rd ASRAMP cruise: Added coral disease 2006 **Monitoring Mission:** surveys; carbonate chemistry, DIC, TA and nutrients Timeline at Rose Atoll and 4th ASRAMP cruise: Updated fish surveys: increased "n", added stratified random **American Samoa** 2008 sampling design and expanded depth range to 30 m; 5th ASRAMP cruise: added coral coring, carbonate accretion rate studies, ARMS, 2010 **RAMP:** Reef Assessment and and microbial studies **Monitoring Program** 2012 6th ASRAMP cruise: Normal operations 7th ASRAMP cruise: Commenced 3-yr **ASRAMP:** American Samoa and cycle. Updated coral surveys; increased 2015 "n", added stratified random sampling Rose Atoll RAMP design and expanded depth range to 30 m. Expanded multi-beam mapping

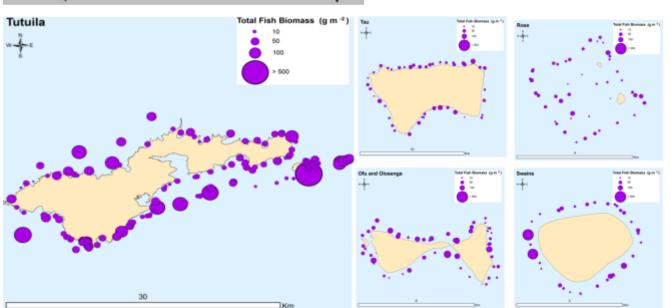


Long-term Monitoring: Reef Fishes

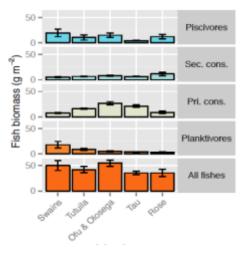


Data Collection:

- Stationary-Point-Count
- Paired 15-m diameter cylinders: fish species ID and sizes
- Randomized hard-bottom location at depths of 0-30m
- Stratified-random based on depth (0-6m, 6-18m, 18-30m)
- Habitat Data: Complexity, urchin density, benthic cover

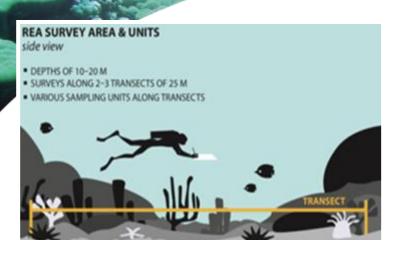


Fish biomass





Long-term Monitoring: Reef Corals



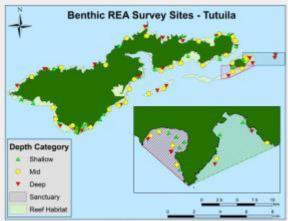
Data Collection:

- Belt transects
- Randomized hard-bottom location at depths of 0-30m
- Stratified-random based on depth (0-6m, 6-18m, 18-30m)
- Adults (> 5cm) 2 x 10 m2 belt transect: size, condition, disease
- Juveniles (< 5cm) 2 x 3m2 belt transects: size
- Benthic cover: 2 x 15 photo-quadrats

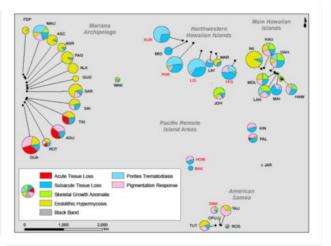
Benthic percent cover



Coral colony density



Coral condition and disease







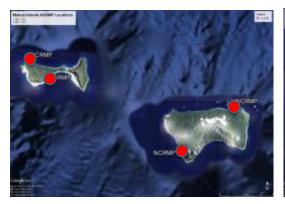
ARMS Photoquadrats Topographic site photographs ARMS: autonomous reef monitoring structures BMU: bioerosion monitoring unit CAU: calcification accretion unit STR: subsurface temperature recorder Additional monitoring efforts: coral coring; reef area photomosalcs

Ocean and Climate Change

Data Collection:

- Temperature, thermal stress and vertical structure
- Carbonate chemistry: DIC, pH, TA, Salinity
- Carbonate accretion: CAUs and BMUs
- Calcification: Coral coringCryptic biodiversity: ARMS

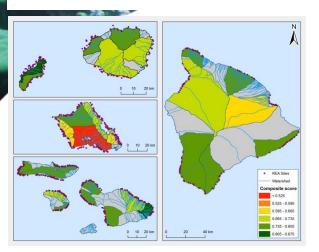
NCRMP Climate Stations in American Samoa







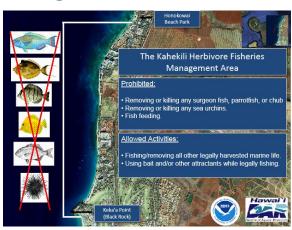
Reef Resilience Potential

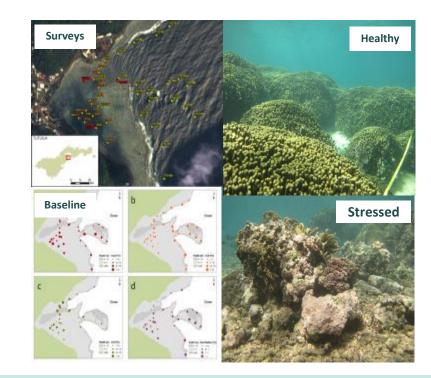


Management Effectiveness and Support of Local Action Strategies

Baseline LBSP - Faga'alu and Vatia

Herbivore Fisheries Exclusion Management Area - Kahekili





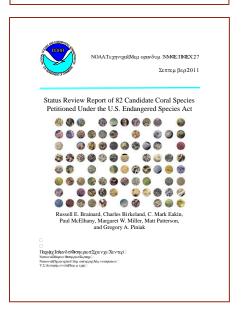


Technical Assistance and Capacity Building

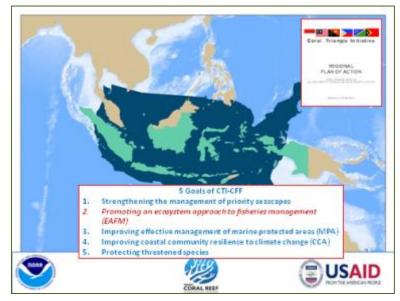
Benthic Monitoring Training Workshop



Scientific support to coral critical habitat designation of protected species



Promoting an ecosystem approach to fisheries management Coral Triangle





Acknowledgements

- Local Marine Resource Management Agencies for allowing us to conduct work in the Territory
 - Coral Reef Advisory Group (CRAG)
 - American Samoa Department of Marine and Wildlife Resources (DMWR)
 - National Marine Sanctuary of American Samoa (NMSAS)
 - National Park of American Samoa (NPAS)
 - Rose Atoll Marine Nat'l Monument and Wildlife Refuge (USFWS)
 - American Samoa Department of Commerce (ASDOC)
 - American Samoa Community College (ASCC)
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- San Diego State University (SDSU)
- Scripps Institution of Oceanography (SIO)
- University of Hawaii (UH)
- Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute (WHOI)
- NOAA Pacific Islands Fisheries Science Center (PIFSC)
- NOAA Pacific Regional Office (PIRO)
- Officers and crew members of the NOAA Ship Hi'ialakai



Questions?

